STD3722M

3 -Phase Digital Hybird Stepper Driver

Features

- 1. 3-phase digital stepper driver, adoption of 32-bit DSP technology
- 2. Low-noise, low-vibration and low temperature rising
- 3. Voltage 110v-220VAC
- 4. With 8 stalls output current setting, peak current 7.0A
- 5. With 16 stalls microstep subdivision setting, the highest resolution of 60000 steps / turn
- 6. Automatic half current, self-test, over voltage, under voltage, over current protection
- 7. Internal optical isolation, the highest response frequency of up to 200Kpps
- 8. Suitable for nem42, nema52 3-phase Hybird stepper motor between1.2-7.0A
- 9. When the step pulse stops for more than 100ms, the coil current is automatically reduced to half of the set current, effectively reducing the motor heat

10. Signal voltage : $5V \sim 24V$ compatible 11. Working temperature: -30 °C ~85 °C

Current selection

Current	D1	D2	D3	D4
1.2A	off	off	off	off
1.5A	off	off	off	on
2.0A	off	off	on	off
2.3A	off	off	on	on
2.5A	off	on	off	off
3.0A	off	on	off	on
3.2A	off	on	on	off
3.6A	off	on	on	on
4.0A	on	off	off	off
4.5A	on	off	off	on
5.0A	on	off	on	off
5.3A	on	off	on	on
5.8A	on	on	off	off
6.2A	on	on	off	on
6.5A	on	on	on	off
7.0A	on	on	on	on

Microstep selection

Pulse/Rev	D1	D2	D3	D4
400	on	on	on	on
500	on	on	on	off
600	on	on	off	on
800	on	on	off	off
1000	on	off	on	on

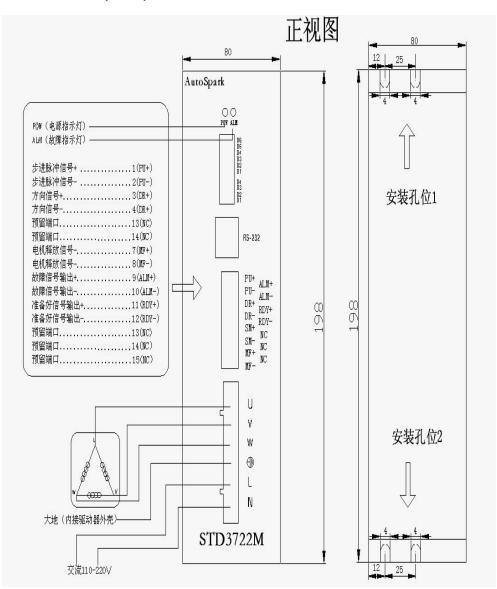
1200	on	off	on	off
2000	on	off	off	on
3000	on	off	off	off
4000	off	on	on	on
5000	off	on	on	off
6000	off	on	off	on
10000	off	on	off	off
12000	off	off	on	on
20000	off	off	on	off
30000	off	off	off	on
60000	off	off	off	off

Note:

D5: ON, double pulse: PU is forward step pulse signal, DR is reverse step pulse signal OFF, single pulse: PU is the step pulse signal, DR is the direction control signal

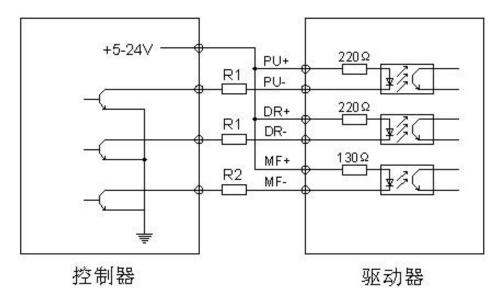
D6: automatic detection switch (OFF when receiving external pulse, ON the drive to the internal speed of 30 r / min)

Mechanical Dimension(mm)

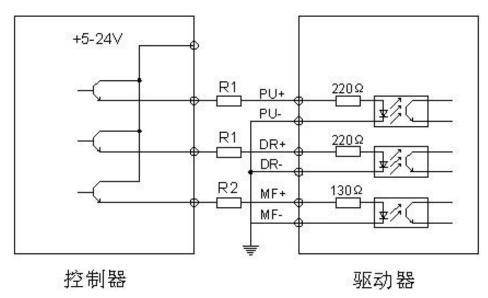


Signal Input Interface Ports

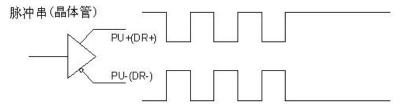
★ Connections to Common Anode



★ Connections to Common Cathode



★ Connections to Differential Signal



Signal Ports (DB15) Description

Port	Pin	Symbol	Features	Annotations
definition	number			
RS-232	1	RX	Receive data	Connected to the controller port TX (function retained)

	2	TX	Send data	Connected to the controller port RX (function retained)
	8	GND	Ground line	Connected to the controller port ground line (function retention)
	1	PU+	Input pulse signal positive terminal	connect the signal power supply, + 5V-+24 V can be driven
	2	PU-	DP5= OFF, PU is step pulse signal DP5=ON, PU is positive	The falling edge is valid. When the pulse goes from high to low, the motor takes a step, and the internal current limiting resistor 220 Ω requires: low level 0-0.5V, high level 24V or less,
			phase step pulse signal	pulse width> 2.5 μ S
	3	DR+	Input direction signal positive terminal	connect the signal power supply, + 5V- +24 V can be driven
	4	DR-	DP5= OFF, DR is direction pulse signal DP5=ON, DR is reverse pulse signal	Used to change the motor steering. Requirements: low level 0-0.5V, high level 24V or less, pulse width> 2.5 μ S
DB15	5	MF+	Input motor release signal (enable signal) positive terminal	connect the signal power supply, + 5V- +24 V can be driven
	6	MF-	Motor release signal (enable signal) negative terminal	When motor is off power and driver stop working, the motor is in free state
	7	NC		invalid
	8	NC		invalid
	9	ALM+	Fault output signal positive terminal	over current, over heating alarm
	10	ALM-	Fault output signal negative terminal	
	11	RDY+	Ready output signal positive terminal	Indicate the driver is ready to work
	12	RDY-	Ready output signal negative terminal	
	13,14,1 5	NC		invalid
Motor,	1,2	L,N	Power supply	110v ~ 220v

power	3	PE	Ground line	Earth (built-in drive housing)
supply	4	U		U
side	5	V		Ā
	6	W	Motor lines	w Z

Possible problems & Solutions

Appearance	Possible reason	Measures
	The indicator light is not displayed	normal
	The fault indicator is on	Check if the driver is overcurrent, overheat, lack of motor
The motor does not turn	Drive control mode selection does not match	Choose the appropriate control mode
	The motor shaft is locked and the motor is not moving	Check the external control signal
	The indicator light is normal and the motor shaft is not locked	Check if the MF signal is valid
	The drive running current does not match the motor rated current	Set the driver operating current to the motor rated current
Motor whistle	Acceleration time is too short	Lengthen the acceleration time or increase the drive pulse filter constant
	The maximum speed setting is too large	Reduce the maximum speed
Location is not accurate	The microstep is not right	Select the correct microstep
	Motor load is too large	Replace the motor or increase the operating current of the drive as appropriate

Leak current	The driver, the motor is not reliably grounded	Put the driver, the motor reliably grounded
Driver, motor serious fever	The driver has a large operating current or poor external thermal conditions	Properly reduce the driver operating current or increase the driver and motor ventilation

Caution

- 1, the input voltage is 220V, more than 260V or voltage instability, please use with the isolation transformer;
- 2, the input pulse signal falling edge is valid, the need to rise when the effective time in advance, we can cooperate with the Secretary modified;
- 3, the drive temperature exceeds 75 degrees when the drive stops working, fault indicator ALM light, until the drive temperature dropped to 50 degrees, the drive needs to re-power to resume work. Excessive protection should be installed Please install the radiator;
- 4, over-current (load short-circuit) fault indicator ALM light, please check the motor wiring and other short-circuit fault, remove the need to re-power recovery;
- 5, no motor fault indicator ALM light, please check the motor wiring, excluding the need to re-power recovery